

**×, ÷ Facts Practice****Family Note**

In this lesson, your child has connected multiplication and division facts by using Fact Triangles and completing fact families. A good way to solve division problems is to think in terms of multiplication. For example, to divide 20 by 5, ask yourself: *5 times what number equals 20?* Since  $5 \times 4 = 20$ ,  $20 \div 5 = 4$ .

*Please return this Home Link to school tomorrow.*



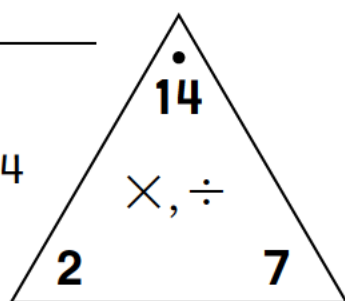
Solve these division facts. Think multiplication.

Use the Fact Triangles to help you.

1.  $14 \div 2 = \underline{\quad}$

Think:

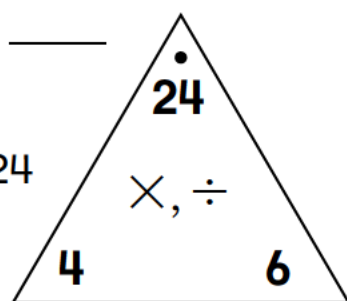
$2 \times ? = 14$



2.  $24 \div 4 = \underline{\quad}$

Think:

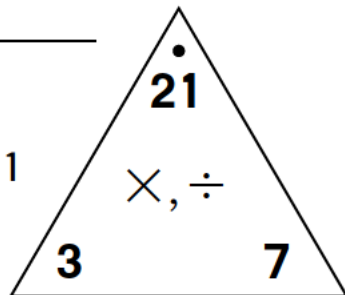
$4 \times ? = 24$



3.  $21 \div 3 = \underline{\quad}$

Think:

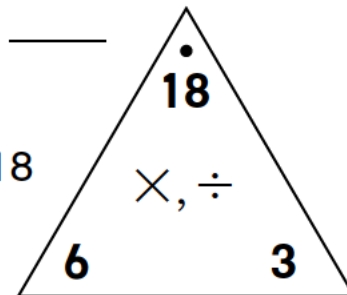
$3 \times ? = 21$



4.  $18 \div 6 = \underline{\quad}$

Think:

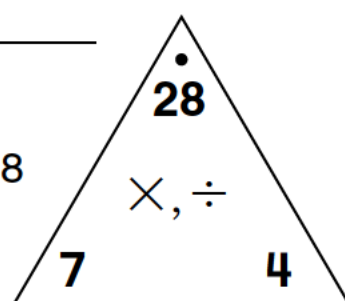
$6 \times ? = 18$



5.  $28 \div 7 = \underline{\quad}$

Think:

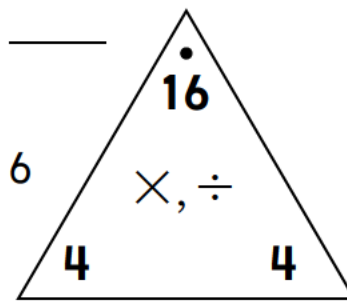
$7 \times ? = 28$



6.  $16 \div 4 = \underline{\quad}$

Think:

$4 \times ? = 16$

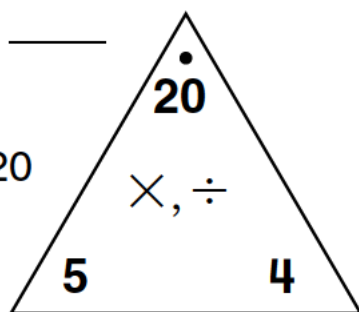


**HOME LINK**  
**12.5****×, ÷ Facts Practice** *continued*

**7.**  $20 \div 5 = \underline{\quad}$

Think:

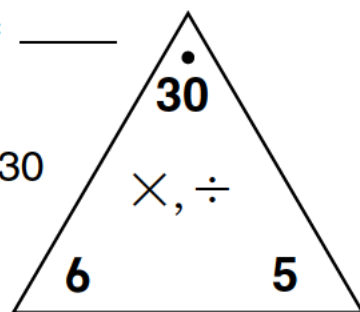
$5 \times ? = 20$



**8.**  $30 \div 6 = \underline{\quad}$

Think:

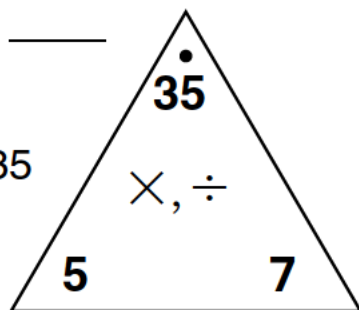
$6 \times ? = 30$



**9.**  $35 \div 5 = \underline{\quad}$

Think:

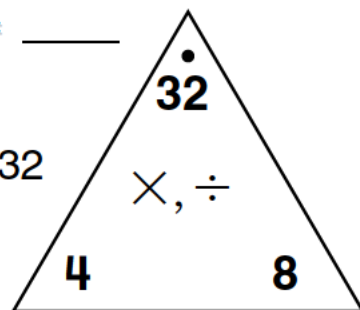
$5 \times ? = 35$



**10.**  $32 \div 4 = \underline{\quad}$

Think:

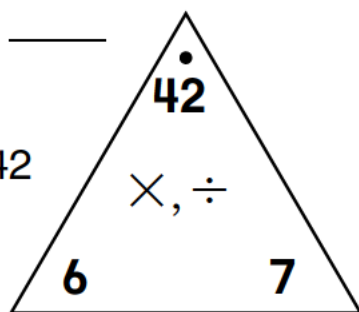
$4 \times ? = 32$



**11.**  $42 \div 6 = \underline{\quad}$

Think:

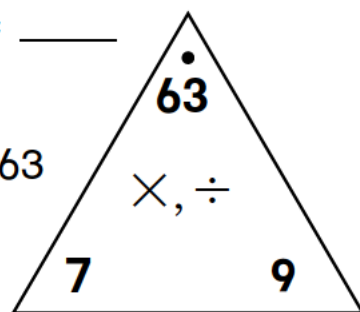
$6 \times ? = 42$



**12.**  $63 \div 7 = \underline{\quad}$

Think:

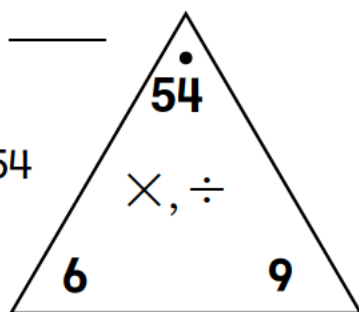
$7 \times ? = 63$



**13.**  $54 \div 9 = \underline{\quad}$

Think:

$9 \times ? = 54$



**14.**  $81 \div 9 = \underline{\quad}$

Think:

$9 \times ? = 81$

